


**SPOTLIGHT**  
THE HOME OF CASTING


**PMA**

**GOOD PRACTICE  
GUIDELINES  
FOR PARENTS, AGENTS,  
CASTING DIRECTORS  
AND PRODUCERS**



The following is a set of protocols compiled by the Children's Working Group (CWG) of the Personal Managers' Association (PMA) with Spotlight. Our intention is to address frequently asked questions - and occasionally misunderstood issues - regarding good practice when working with children.

This document does not attempt to be a comprehensive guide. We simply set out to highlight a set of standards, based on our collective experience as children's agents, which constitute good practice when working with children.



It was first published in 2021 and is reviewed and updated regularly. Recent years have seen extraordinary collaboration across the creative industries to prevent harassment, bullying and racism. We stand together in the simple aim that people should be treated well and equally in the workplace. We have a special duty of care to children and young people in our industry, and we have the privileged opportunity to teach them that at each step – working with agents, casting directors and in production – they are entitled to receive, and required to show respect.

We hope that our overarching message of dignity and respect shines through these Guidelines.

We've divided the document into three sections addressing common concerns for the three adult groups directly involved in the employment of children as actors: Parents, Agents, and Casting Directors. There is inevitable cross-over in the issues covered; these three groups are inextricably linked. We highly recommend you look through the whole document.

To conclude we've compiled a list of industry organisations mentioned throughout the guide.

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# SECTION ONE: PARENTS

Many parents enter unknown territory when their child starts acting, so we have listed below some key areas of guidance and support.

## **The agent representing your child**

The agent's role is to suggest the children they represent for jobs. They liaise directly with the casting directors and producers to schedule auditions, negotiate job contracts and manage licensing and chaperoning (as required). They support the parent and their child, to help them find the right roles, and put their name forward. Your agent can guide you on how to best present your child on their profile, including choosing the perfect headshot, and advising on the content and quality of their showreel or voicereel. A good agent/parent relationship is vital.

Most children's agencies opt for sole representation and we recommend this. However, you may choose to work with another agency covering a different field of work e.g. a voice over or model agent. As parents, you need to ensure good communication with each agent re availability for auditions and work.

We recommend that parents always research agents thoroughly, by looking at their websites and calling them if you have any questions, for example about their commission rates or notice periods.

## **The casting director auditioning your child**

The casting director's role is to find performers. They look for the best talent for each role on stage or screen and work through myriad applications, searches and agent suggestion lists to find the best fit. It is a complex process with often hundreds of profiles to consider. Once short-listed they will schedule and run auditions and any further recalls to ultimately cast the project.

## **The producer in charge of the project**

The producer finances the project, be it a theatre production, a commercial, a TV drama or feature film. They will hire a casting director to help them find the right performers for their project.

## **Agency commission**

Commissions vary between agencies so always ask an agency for their rates of commission before signing, to check they are reasonable. If in doubt you can call a couple of agencies to check their rates to understand where the average is in comparison.

## **The parent responsibility and involvement**

As a parent or guardian of a child in the performance industry, or 'The Industry' as you will often hear it referred to, you have a key role to play in supporting your child both emotionally during the inevitable highs and lows they will experience, but also on a practical level getting them to and from auditions, and helping them to learn scripts and record self-tapes.

Informing the agent of anything important that may affect your child's audition or job availability is crucial, for example family holidays and school commitments. Also any changes of appearance that could impact the jobs they are suitable for (e.g. haircut, height) or skill set (e.g. skateboarding, surfing, or trapeze).

## **The casting platform your child appears on**

A casting platform (in this case Spotlight) links the three key players in the casting process, the agent, the casting director and the performer. It is where your child's profile can be displayed, searched for, and viewed by casting directors. It is where casting directors share job information directly with agents; and where agents can suggest the performers they represent for those jobs.

## **Updating your child's profile**

Keeping a child's profile (or CV) up to date is imperative. On Spotlight both the parent and the agent have access to do this, but ultimately it is the parent's responsibility to maintain and update it, unless the agent states otherwise. This is a useful article to refer to: [Editing a Young Performer's Spotlight Profile](#).

## **Casting breakdown confidentiality**

When sent casting or self-tape information it is important that you not share the details with anyone else. The casting director has selected you to tape or audition, and expects you to keep all details confidential. Sharing this information anywhere (including in chat rooms, forums or on social media) may lead to your tape being rejected without being watched.

## **Tagmin**

Tagmin is part of Spotlight, and the wider Talent Systems family. Primarily it is software used by agents to streamline their workflow. They use it to track availability, record castings, offers, jobs and payments. Your child's agent may invite you to create a Tagmin account for your child - you use your Tagmin account to keep your agent updated with dates when your child is not available for work, any legal information needed for licensing, as well as uploading self-tapes.

## **Self-tape auditions**

Self-taping is widely used by casting directors as a first stage audition option, often with tight deadlines. Being 'self-tape ready' is important. All agents will be knowledgeable about this process so discuss it with them. It is also important to note that online safety for children is always paramount, so an adult should be present in the space, albeit not directly involved in the audition process, when filming a self-tape or attending an online audition if the young performer is under 18. For more information take a look at Spotlight's self-tape article here: [Self-Taping Tips for Young Performers](#).

## **Auditions in the room**

A valuable piece of advice for younger performers from all casting directors, is that they should try not to worry about perfection and think more about showing willingness to take direction, good instincts, and being themselves. As a rule, a parent will not go into the audition room with the child unless the child has special requirements that may need the parent/guardian to be present. There will likely/should be a professional chaperone with enhanced DBS on site for musical theatre workshops (check with the agent).

## **Photographers**

Larger agencies may have a reputable photographer that they use with a set fee charged. This provides agents with the opportunity to advise and be in charge of the type of image/s they feel best represent each child and saves the parent from being scammed by companies who may charge well over the odds for images that don't fit the needs of casting directors.

## **Online safety**

It is important for children to be super vigilant when engaging online. These resources provide helpful guidelines for parents:

[UKCCIS](#)

[ICO - The Children's Code](#)

## **Young actors aged 16-18 (over-licensing)**

Once children are out of licensing age there is still a duty of care to uphold, supporting them as young adults in the industry. Although a chaperone (parental or licensed) is not legally required for this age, it is in the best interests of the actor and production to have one, as they still have a Duty of Care for the young person. This could be a licensed chaperone or a parent, but both should be paid.

An intimacy coordinator must be on set for any scenes of an intimate nature between young adult actors and safeguarding measures must be in place. An actor under the age of 18 cannot do scenes of a sexual nature, or be present on set during the filming of such.

Productions with adult themes should be discussed with the agent and actor in advance, and any intimate scenes need to be approved in advance in writing.

Useful resources are provided in our Industry Organisations section below.

The law requires all young people in England to continue in education or training until at least their 18th birthday, even if they work.

Full legislation can be found here <https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2008/25/contents/enacted>

## **Equity membership for children**

Equity is the performer's union. It has a responsibility to ensure that actors are paid and treated fairly and can provide advice. Children can join Equity from the age of 10. Parents of child Equity members can call on advice from the union. Equity staff members, located across the UK, have experience and knowledge of all areas of the industry and are happy to give advice to members and their agents. This Spotlight article contains information: [What Equity Can Do for My Child](#).



# SECTION TWO: AGENTS

**For new or aspiring agencies - setting up an agency.**

## **Regulations**

You do not require a licence to set up as a talent agency. There is no regulatory body governing talent agents in the UK. Agencies are legally classed as “employment agencies”. As such you have a legal requirement to be compliant with the Employment Agencies Act 2003. [Information can be found here.](#)

## **Client agreement**

You will see in the link above that you are required to provide Terms of Business for your clients.

## **Joining fees**

Agencies are legally prohibited from charging an upfront fee for registration. You can charge upfront fees for listing the performer’s details in promotional publications or on websites to help them find work.

[Guidelines can be found here.](#)

## **Commission**

As a group of independent agencies we cannot “set” a rate for commission. Research should be done around current best practice in the industry.

## **Dual representation**

Some clients, when they have a sufficient body of work, choose to have dual-representation, typically a UK and US agent. The parent should always discuss this with you before bringing an extra agent on board, as you would have to agree to the arrangement and may have your own recommendations. Normally both agencies would then agree to ‘split’ (equal) the commission, and the arrangement as such, be agreed by both agents and the parent.

## **Commission on chaperone fees**

It is not standard practice to charge commission on parental chaperone rates as they are not your clients. Typically chaperones will invoice production for their fees and be paid directly.

## **Handling clients' money**

We recommend that money collected on behalf of your clients be kept in a separate bank account (a client account). The following links are useful:

[The Conduct of Employment Agencies and Employment Businesses Regulations 2003 Regulation 25 - regarding client accounts](#)

It is DWP (department of work & pensions) regulation that a child's fee is then paid into the child's own account.

## **Agency Regulations for Working with Children**

### **Child protection**

You must have a Child Protection Policy (CPP). Ideally a copy of this should be readily available on your website. The NSPCC has good guidance on writing a policy, see here: [NSPCC](#).

We recommend enhanced Disclosure and Barring (DBS) checks for all agents working with children. The following organisation may be helpful: [Umbrella Solution DBS](#).

You will also need a Privacy Policy in line with General Data Protection Regulations and should register your agency with the ICO. Again, this should be clearly displayed on your website. You can find more information here: [ICO](#)

### **Applying for a licence**

The issuing of licenses varies from Council to Council. Councils are entitled to demand 21 days' notice of any licence application, though in practice an application may be processed in 7 to 10 working days. Agents should resist pressure to license children before they are booked, as this needlessly adds to the councils' workloads and only makes it harder to license children who are actually booked.

Children in Entertainment [NNCEE](#) includes legislation and guidance for the whole of the UK and Ireland.

### **Agency website security**

Websites displaying children's details should always be password protected.

## **Agencies holding auditions**

If holding auditions or meetings to meet new clients, make sure all present from the agency hold a valid Enhanced DBS certificate. Ensure the child is given adequate time to prep for this meeting (script work / monologues etc). There should never be a charge for auditioning to be on an agency and if you decide to provide a workshop-based audition this should be done so at your own cost.

## **Headshots**

You will need to have good headshots for your clients and update them every 12 months - children change quickly and it is important that casting directors are seeing as up-to-date an image as possible. A good headshot need not be very expensive – it just needs to look like the child and show their personality. You may choose to organise photo sessions for headshots. This should always be offered at as reasonable a rate as possible for parents and include copies of the photos.

## **Updating a Spotlight profile**

If the client is on Spotlight, establish with your parents a clear understanding of how important it is to keep the profile up to date, specifically height, headshots, skills and credits.

## **Child licensing**

A child will need a licence if they're under school leaving age and taking part in films, plays, concerts or other public performances that the audience pays to see, or that take place on licensed premises; and in any sporting events or modelling assignments where the child is paid. Children should never work without a licence in place, not least because this would invalidate the production's insurance. [Government advice on licensing can be found here.](#)

## **Agency Software**

Most agents use bespoke software to manage their workflow, the most common of which is [Tagmin](#).

## **Equity's Industry Information Service (IIS)**

You will find more about contracts in SECTION 4 of this document, but we wanted to recommend joining Equity's Industry Information Service which is an invaluable resource. Call Equity on 020 7379 6000 for information on how to join.

# SECTION THREE: CASTING

This section was written in consultation with a number of Casting Directors, all members of the Casting Directors Guild (CDG), and the Casting Directors Association (CDA). We are very grateful for their input. Casting is likely to be the first time that parents, agents and casting directors are involved together. Although this is compiled with casting directors in mind, it will also be useful for producers, agents and parents.

## Casting and Production Regulations for Working with Children

### Licenses

Children working have to be licensed by their local education authority (defined as where Council Tax is paid, not where the child goes to school) and as such the producer is responsible for making sure that those regulations are adhered to. You can find them in Children in Entertainment [NNCEE](#) which provides legislation and guidance for the whole of the UK and Ireland.

Briefly, they give hours children of various ages can work, what breaks they must have, the time they should leave the workplace and how many hours between when they leave the workplace and are called in the next day.

The issuing of licenses varies from Council to Council. Councils are entitled to demand 21 days' notice of any licence application, though in practice an application may be processed in 7 to 10 working days. It is against the Children's Act to apply for a licence without a contract. It is permissible to apply for a licence if a child is hired as a standby, but the standby must have a contract and be paid daily rates accordingly.

### Overseas licenses

There are additional checks that need to happen for an overseas licence application. With everything in place, the local police authority has to be notified before heading to court. Seven days of notice is the requirement, as this allows the police time to undertake the necessary checks on the parental or licensed chaperone accompanying the child abroad. This is for the child's safety.

## **Disclosure and Barring Service (DBS) checks for castings**

Casting Directors do need an Enhanced DBS check when casting children in any type of production. Ideally we'd recommend DBS checks for assistants and/or camera persons if present. This provides reassurance for parents which is crucial if you intend (and we would recommend) to audition a child without parents in the room. Other options: a chaperone could be hired specifically for the casting session; and some casting suites will provide DBS checked staff.

## **Issues to consider when casting children that differ from casting adults:**

### **Child safety is paramount**

Realistic and safety-aware time frames need to be considered. Where possible try to avoid large numbers at casting sessions. (Agents and Parents please be aware that over-scheduling sometimes happens due to last minute cancellations, or late confirmations – good communication helps everyone).

### **Self-tapes and online auditions**

Give a child more than 24 hours to do a self-tape. School, homework etc will take priority. Time is needed for learning too. Learning under pressure becomes a “memory test” rather than an honest performance.

Please be very clear what you want and how you want it, including your preferred way of receiving e.g. Tagmin, Vimeo etc. It is important to note that online safety for children is always paramount and therefore an adult should be present in the space, albeit not directly involved in the audition process, when an under 18 young performer is attending an online audition with you.

[Code of Practice for Scripted Self-tape - CDG](#)

[Code of Practice for Self-tape & Zoom Auditions for Commercials - Equity](#)

### **Clear, accurate information about roles**

Parents, who are likely new to the industry and nervous for their children, will value clarity and simplicity. For example, age ranges may be complex - is it actual age or playing age? Another example, does the role need options? The impact for children may be more complicated than for adults.

## **Managing adult themes**

If the role requires a high level of maturity due to violence or adult content, inform agents and parents of appropriate guidelines to ensure the child's emotional and physical well-being. Measures will vary e.g. ensuring an intimacy coordinator is on board, meeting with the adult cast prior to the read-through (especially cast playing parents), or a discussion with a child psychologist.

## **Keeping a dialogue between casting director, agent and parents**

This ensures that parents bringing their children along to audition are completely across the project and have sanctioned its content. If you are filming in an audition, permission should be granted by the parent – have these forms ready to be signed at the casting session.

## **General good practice for working with children**

At casting sessions, try and introduce yourself to the child/parent – allowing the parent to know who you are, to confirm any special requirements (these should ideally be known about ahead of time) and help the child to feel comfortable from the get-go. If you are unable to greet each candidate then can your assistant/associate do this? If you are auditioning online, be mindful that an adult should be present somewhere in the space.

The audition process is formative for children. Kindness, respect and humour all ensure that the experience is fun and uplifting. Weeks of workshops can be tiring, so engaging warmly with both child and parent is key. Even if a child doesn't get the gig, they can say they had a really fun time, so the memory of auditioning is a good and positive one.

## **Recalls or first auditions**

Give the agent and the parent enough notice. Parents often need to arrange child-care for other children, organise school pick-ups, and work as well. Try to avoid auditions during school hours and any last minute changes to scripts. If the child has been given something to prepare, make sure they are given the opportunity to display this first. If something different or additional is required, consider giving time for preparation in the waiting room, and be aware that not all children will be able to manage this. Try not to have a packed waiting room. Time sessions realistically to avoid a build-up in the waiting room, alternate roles as you would with adults. If you go to a second recall – try and get a recall fee or fares for your shortlist, including online recalls, and especially for commercial castings. The cost of the fares is often less than a coffee run for a production company.

## **For producers and directors**

You, and anyone you employ, are responsible for showing respect to the child. They are young, but if you have auditioned them and given them a role then you must feel they are going to be an asset to the production. Treat children with the same dignity afforded to the rest of the cast. They need to know about the production and what is happening, what you as a producer expects from them, and what they can expect from you. You are responsible for the child's safety both physically and mentally.

When the role is cast, do try and let the unsuccessful children know as soon as possible, these are small people who bruise easily. Contact the agent if they have one or the parent if not. Even if this is a blanket email – something is so much better than nothing. This should also be standard practice after the first round to those who definitely haven't made it to the second.

Nothing is worse than a child waiting and waiting only to be told by a friend from Saturday morning classes that they have got a recall or indeed got the job.

## SECTION FOUR: FEES AND CONTRACTS

The following is a basic framework. Minimum fees are exactly that – agents are entitled to negotiate up. At time of updating, employment of children is less regulated than other areas of our industry. The PMA Children’s Working Group continues to take a proactive stance with Equity to improve the working terms for young actors and to treat them with the same dignity afforded to adult talent.

<b>THEATRE</b>	
<b>Minimum Fee</b>	No less than 50% of the adult rate.  There are no overtime payments because a child has to stay within the regulations and can only work a certain number of hours.
<b>Contract</b>	Various Equity contracts apply across West End and regional theatres. Refer to Equity’s Industry Information Service for further info.
<b>Essential Considerations</b>	If you are not successful negotiating an Equity/SOLT deal you should ensure that you negotiate a fair travel contribution gauged on zones of required travel and a guaranteed hot meal on matinee days.



## FILM AND TV

<b>Minimum Fee</b>	<p>No less than half the PACT Equity minimum engagement fee and production days for adults.</p> <p>This should be negotiable depending on the size of the part and the experience of the actor.</p>
<b>Contract</b>	<p>PACT Equity</p>
<b>Essential Considerations</b>	<p>In line with agreed adult standards set by PACT Equity, agents expect the same pre-purchases an adult would receive.</p>

## SVOD - STREAMING SERVICES SUCH AS NETFLIX, AMAZON, ETC

<b>Minimum Fee</b>	<p>Budgets vary but should be no less than the SVOD series Equity agreement tends to be.</p>
<b>Contract</b>	<p>PACT EQUITY or SAG-AFTRA (Higher budget projects or those on SAG-AFTRA contracts will be considerably higher paid)</p>
<b>Essential Considerations</b>	<p>Options: If there are options for future seasons or exclusivity clauses then the fee should be greater to allow for this.</p> <p>Some SVOD shows follow the US model of paying an inclusive episode fee, but in any case the fee for a UK actor should be no less than a US actor. Seeking legal advice on particularly complicated deals is highly recommended.</p>

<b>BBC</b>	
<b>Minimum Fee</b>	<p>This should be negotiable - the current BBC Rate Card is below standard PACT-Equity minimums. Equity has been fighting hard to reach agreed rates with the broadcasters, in the meantime we advise:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 50% of the adult minimum engagement fee</li> <li>• 50% of the production day fee</li> <li>• 35% ROW</li> </ul>
<b>Contract</b>	<p>Under 16s via BBC Over 16s via Equity / BBC CBBC Childrens' rates apply (agents will negotiate directly with business affairs)</p>

<b>ITV</b>	
<b>Minimum Fee</b>	<p>Independent productions for ITV (like BBC) no less than 50% of adult minimum engagement rate in PACT Equity agreement, negotiated based on size of role, commitment and experience.</p>
<b>Contract</b>	<p>Special rates apply for ITV in-house (Coronation St, Emmerdale, Hollyoaks).</p>

## COMMERCIALS

<b>Minimum Fee</b>	<p>Basic Studio Fee (BSF) should be between £200 to £300 per day for under 16s. Over 16s would be paid adult rates. All buyout fees would be based on a % of the BSF e.g. TV, UK, 1 year would be 500% BSF. Be cautious of low fees on Worldwide buyouts. Travel &amp; rest days are based at 50% BSF, parent chaperone fees are payable £100-120 per day.</p> <p>Recalls and wardrobe fittings should be paid for at £50+ per session, including online recalls. If buyouts are to be purchased for subsequent years then a 10% uplift is usually applied.</p>
<b>Contract</b>	<b>Equity/IPA</b>
<b>Essential Considerations</b>	<p>When asked for additional territories or re-usages visit <a href="http://www.usefee.tv">www.usefee.tv</a> for guidance on fees</p>

# SECTION FIVE: INDEX OF INDUSTRY ORGANISATIONS & USEFUL LINKS

## Agency Regulations

[Employment agencies](#)

[Fees for performers](#)

[General data protection](#)

## Agent Software

[Tagmin](#)

## Child Licensing

[Performance licenses for children](#)

[The National Network for Children in Employment and Entertainment \(NNCEE\)](#)

## Child Protection

[DBS checks](#)

[ICO Children's Code: Age Appropriate Design](#)

[Writing a safeguarding policy statement](#)

[Intimacy for Stage & Screen](#) (pg 14)

[Times Up](#) (pgs 12 & 13)

[UKCCIS](#)

## Codes of Conduct

Codes of conduct are often used in the industry to encourage good standards. These self-tape guidelines were put together collectively by agents, casting directors and Equity members, and are a useful indicator of good practice.

[CDG Code of Conduct - Casting Children](#)

[Code of Practice for Scripted Self-tape & Zoom Auditions - CDG](#)

[Code of Practice for Self-tape & Zoom Auditions - Equity](#)

## **Equality, Diversity and Inclusivity**

This is a good example of work going on across the industry campaigning for equality. This project was instigated by the Personal Managers' Association (PMA)'s racial diversity group, Diverse Squad, and the CDG's Equality, Diversity and Inclusion Group

[The Diverse Squad PMA](#)

## **Industry Organisations**

[Casting Directors Association](#)

[Casting Directors Guild](#)

[Equity](#)

[Equity Industry Information Service \(IIS\)](#) (call 020 7379 6000)

[Personal Managers' Association](#)

[Spotlight](#)

[Usefee.tv](#) (commercials info)

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